courts," approved January 14, 1892; section 3175, 3176 and 3182, section 3184, as amouded by an act entitled "an act to amend and re-enact section 3184 of the Code of Virginia of 1887, to provide for general index to deed books and other records," approved February 12, 1892, and sections 3186 and 3187 of chapter 154 of the Code.

To amend and re-enact section 3203 of the Code of Virginia.

To maend section 3382 of chapter 165 of the Code.

To amend and re-enact section 4006 of the Code.

To amend and re-enact section 4006 of

the Code.

To amend and re-enact section 4096 of chapter 200 of the Code.

To amend and re-enact title 12 of the Code of Virginia, in relation to the public

Code of Virginia, in relation to the public debt.

To amend and re-enact section 17 of an act entitled "an act to raise revenue, &c."

To amend and re-enact chapter 9 of the Code of Virginia, as amended and re-enacted by an act of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved May 20, 1002, entitled "an act to amend and re-enact chapter \$0 of the Code of Virginia in relation to election of State county, district and city officers, and the terms of their office and filling vacancies."

No. 361—House bill to repeal sections 116, 1107, 1168, 1169, 1116, 1111, 1112, 1131, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, and 1123, section 1121, of chapter 41 of the Code.

To authorize and appoint a joint special committee of the House and Senate to lease out barren and exhausted or depleted oyster bottom within the Baylor Geodetia Survey.

Geodetia Survey.

The Senate.

The Senate held a three hours' session yesterday with thirty senators present. There was no prayer. The Senate lest no time getting down to business.

All the Senate bills on the calendar, with House amendments, or on their third or second reading, were passed by, with the exception of one, a Senate bill on its second reading, to authorize the second part of Charlottesville to borrow money, which was taken up, engrossed and passed. It now goes to the House. The special order for 11:10, the general primary bill, was passed by, as was the second special order for noon, the volume of Senate bills reported from the Revision Committee.

The first measure taken up by the Senate, other than that mentioned was the Senate bill to amend chapter 60 of the Code of Virginia, in relation to the government of public schools. This measure was laid before the Senate, with the amendments thereto suggested by the Senate Committee for Public Institutions and Education. The committee had reported an amendment providing that the school trustee electoral board in each county shall consist of the division superintendent of schools and two qualified mon-office holding voters, resident in the county. This was voted down by the Senate.

WANTED ELECTION BY PEOPLE.

WANTED ELECTION BY PEOPLE. WANTED ELECTION BY PEOPLE.

Mr. Barisdale, of Halifax, then moved to strike out the section relating to the appointment of school electoral boards, and advocated the election of trustees by the people. Speaking to his motion, the senator said that now that the electorate had been purged, the people who paid the taxes and whose chilmotion, the senator said that now that the electorate had been purged, the people who paid the taxes and whose children attended the schools could be trusted to elect trustees who shall have the management of such schools. He advocated the election of trustees by the people and opposed their appointment "by a hoard wonderfully and fearfully made," as he expressed it. Answering the surgestion of some senator that this would operate to put the school system in politics, the Halifax senator charged the they were already in politics, and factional politics at that. The charge had been rade, he said, and the suspicion was strong, that superintendents of shools had been relected along factional political lines. Renlying to a question as to the selection of trustees in Republican counties, the sneaker declared that he thought the Democrats had more sense and more decency than the Republicans anywhere on cauth, but if they were in a minority in any county, they ought to stand it. He personally, believed in local self-government, and it was a tene of Democracy which had never been abandoned.

AMENDMENT VOTED DOWN.

lieved in local self-government, and it was a tener of Democracy which had never been abandoned.

AMENDMENT VOTED DOWN.

The Barksdale amendment was voted down, but the senator reintroduced another practically to the same effect. This was passed by.

The Senate voted down the amendment by the committee providing that the superintendent and two qualified non-office holding voters be named to constitute the school trustee electoral board. This leaves the ordernal provision of the bill making the judge, Commonwealth's attorney and school superintendent to constitute such board, which in turn shall name the trustees.

Mr. Walker, of Westmoreland, succeeded in so amending the bill as to forbid the appointment as a scacher in the schools of a county of the wife, brother or sister of a trustee.

Mr. Harman, for RETTER SALA-RIES.

Mr. Harman, FOR BETTER SALA-RIES.

Mr. Harman, for Taywell, proposed an amendment to the bill, providing that, after three years' service as teacher, no teacher's salary should be less than \$99 per month. This, he said, was offored in the interest of the system, and in order to secure competent teachers and retain them in the service. Some in his county, he said later, were getting as low as \$18 per month, and be did not believe a competent teacher could be had for that sum. His amendment was offered with the design of securing consolidation of contiguous schools and thereby paying the teacher a salary that would insure the employment of a competent teach of the transport of the competent teacher as salary that would insure the employment of a competent teacher as the competent teacher as the competent teacher as the competent teacher as a stary that would insure the employment of a competent teach of the supplement of a competent teacher as a stary that would insure the employment of a competent teach as the supplement teacher as a stary that would insure the employment of a competent teach as the supplement teach as the supplement teacher as the supplement teacher as a stary that would insu

would insure the employment of a competent instructor.

The Harman amendment, together with that of Mr. Barksdale and others, were passed by with the bill until to-day, the hour for the special order having been reached.

The Senate then took up the Senate bill relating to the extension of the corporate limits of cities and towns, a seneral measure reported from the Revision Committee, Mr. Cogbill, of Chesterfield, began the attack upon the bill by raising the gestion of consideration. He called the attention of the chair to the fact that the bill had been once acted on by the Senate at this session, and valsed the point of order that, this being to, it was not now competent for the Senate to again consider the bill, under

valued the point of order that, this being so, it was not now competent for the Eenate to again consider the bill, under rule 62 of the Senate procedure.

The chair overruled the point, but invited the gentleman to appeal and let the Senate decide the point and establish a precedent that would leave no doubt in future.

Mr. Corbill argued his point briefly, but declined to appeal from the decision of the chair.

Mr. Mcliwaine, Mr. Wickham and

Mr. McIlwaine, Mr. Wickham and others expressed the view that the ruling

the reintroduction of a bill once de-feated by the Senate, and with a view to securing a reversal of that decision, whereas in this case no such effort was

A had Stomach

Lessens the usefulness and mars the hap pinces of life. It's a weak stomach, a stomach that call

not properly perform its functions.

Among its symptoms are distress after eating, nausea between meals, heartburn belching, vomiting, flatulence and nervou

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures a bad stomach, indigestion and dys pepsia, and the cure is permanent.

"BERRY'S FOR MEN'S GIFTS."



by the sudden coming of Christmas-seize the present time. Here are all kinds of practical,

serviceable, suitable things to

make a man or boy's Xmas happy. Gloves, \$1.00 to \$2.50; Scarfs, 25c. to \$2.50; Mufflers, \$1.00 to \$5.00; House Jackets, \$2 50 to \$20; Bath Robes and Dressing Gowns, \$2.50 to \$20.00; Club Bags, \$1.00 up; Suit Cases, \$1.25—but the line

is too long to print here. Send for our list, THE MOST FASTIDIOUS MAN in Virginia couldn't find a flaw in our \$20.00 Overcoats. No wrinkles, no bagginess, proper "hang" and "balance "--- brimful of wear.

Overcoats from \$7,50 to \$45.00.

. Hats, Shoes, Scarfs, Shirts-all the proper things of smart attire for man or boy.

O. H. BERRY & CO.,

Main and Eleventh Streets.

involved They thought the Senate was perfectly competent under the rules take up the bill.

MR. COGBILL IN OPPOSITION.

take up the bill.

MR. COGBILL IN OPPOSITION.

Mr. COGBILL IN OPPOSITION.

Mr. Cogbill yielded the point, but sugguested several amendments to the
phraseology of the bill, which were
adopted. Later, he offered the House
bill on the subject, known as the Gardner bill, as a substitute for the calendar
till, and spoke in advocacy of it. The
Chesterfield senator vigorously and forcefully antagonized the Senate bill, dissecting it and pointing out what he conceived to be its defects. He charged that
while ostensibly a general bill, the meastre was really a local one in the interest
of the city of Richmond, which desired
if annex part of the county of Honrico. He thought that a matter of such
grave importance should be voted upon
by the people of the district to be angrave importance should be voted upon by the people of the district to be an-nexed. The senator sharply arraigned the pending measure and accounted the Gardner bill, which he declared to be in

by the people of the district of the pending measure and accorated the Gardner bill, which he declared to be in the interest of justice to the people most concerned.

MR. ANDERSON'S ARGUMENT.

Mr. Anderson, of Richmond, then took the floor in advocacy of the bill, and spoke for nearly half an hour, making a strong argument for the measure, which elicited the congratulations of his fellow senators, even those who had opposed the bill. Mr. Anderson contended that there were three parties to such a movement to extend the corporate limits of a city or town. The people of the city, the people of the whole county, and the people of the section proposed to be annexed, and he thought it was but fair and equitable that the people of the decision of the question. The method proposed in the bill has a voice in the decision of the question. The method proposed in the bill has a voice in the decision of the guestion. The method proposed in the bill has gave the court the right to decide, after hearing all the parties in interest, and with provision for appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia by any of the parties. The courts already were entrusted by the laws with the custody of our lives and property, and he saw no reason why they should not be allowed to decide this matter in which there were conflicting interests. He denied that the bill was a special bill designed in the interest of Richmond. Attaching the Gardner bill, Mr. Anderson characterized it as a measure that would permit and even foster boon extension and the unhealthy growth incident thereto. He cited numerous instances where cities had been burdened with added territory sparsely populated, and not adapted to the natural growth of the city. The bill he was advocating prevented such boom extension and the addition of undesirable territory to cities. He cited the liberal laws of other States on this subject, all in favor of the municipality, and urged a more liberal policy. Virginia, by reason of a narrow policy, which practically prohibited urban ext sho the treasury, yet it was not permit-ted her to extend her corporate limits, eithough thousands of people lived on its suburbs, and were to all intents and pur-poses citizens of the city. Mr. Anderson made a very strong appeal to the Sen-ate to adopt the committee bill, and reite to adopt the committee bill, and re-ect the Gardner bill, offered as a sub-

MR. COGBILL CLOSES DEBATE.
Mr. Cogbill, closing the discussion in behalf of his substitute, denied some of the contentions of Mr. Anderson as to provisions of the Gardner bill, and vigorable and appearing a provision of the gardner bill, and support the contention of the gardner bill. provisions of the Gardner bill, and vigorocsly and carnestly advocated its adoption. He ventured the assertion that
there were more people who lived in the
city and worked in the country than who
lived in the country and worked in the
city. The sens-or appealed for the right
of people of annexed territory to a voice
in the question of annexation, and opin the question of annexation, and posed the delegation of the power to The pending question was called and ordered, it being on the engrossment of to eight ayes. These voting for

noes to eight ayes. Those voting for the substitute were Senators Barkedale, Bryant, Cogbill, Cromwell, Dinwiddle, Garrett, Hobbs and Massie.

The bill was then passed by an affirmative vote of 21.

SOCIAL CLUB BILL UP.

The Senate then took up the committee bin offered as a substitute for the Bruce bills regulating social clubs and the granting of charters therefor. Mr. Lyle, of Roancke, objected to the taking up of the bill out of its order, and stated as his reasons that he was not familiar with the provisions of the bill, and had had no opportunity to become so, It was a measure which vitally concerned his constituents and he was opposed to taking it up out of order in the very closing moments of the session. He moved instead that it he made a special order for 11:30 to-day and passed by until then.

order for 11:30 to-day and passed by until then.

Mr. McIlwaine interjected the expression of his profound conviction that the bill proposed was absolutely unconstitutional and ought not to pass.

Thereupon the bill was made a special order and passed by.

The Senate then took up the House bill to amend the charter of the city of Danyille, section 1, chapter 8, and it was passed.

BILLS INTRODUCED: These bills were introduced in the Sen-

By Mr. Cromwell: To authorize

By Mr. Cromwell: To authorize the county of Norfolk to acquire the toll roads and toll bridges in said county and to issue bonds for that purpose. Referred to Joint Committee on Special, Local and Private Legislatton.

By Mr. Wickham: A bill to provide for the collection of all taxes in arrears and past due to the Commonwealth, prior to February 1, 1903, upon the shares of the capital stock of banks and banking associations, whether due by resident or non-resident stockholders, and for this purpose to amend and re-enact chapter 612 of the acts of General Assembly of Virginia, session of 1895-96, approved March 3, 1896. The bill was referred to the Committee on Finance and Banks. mittee on Finance and Banks.

By Mr. Anderson: A bill to amend section 38 of an act approved April 16, 1900, in relation to fees and charters. Referred to the Committee on Finance and By Mr. Keezell: To incorporate the town

of Elkton, in county of Rockingham. Re-ferred to the joint Committee on Special, Local and Private Legislation.

MANY BILLS SIGNED.

The presiding officer of the Senate then signed, as required by law, these bills. which have passed both houses of the General Assembly, and they now go to the Governor for his approval: House bill 307, to amend sections 22, 23

and 24, and to repeal sections 27, 28, 20, and 24, and to repeal sections 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of the Code.

House bill 382, to limit the time in which warrants drawn by boards of supervisors, district school boards and Circuit Courts shall be paid, and to repeal an act "limiting the time in which warrants drawn by the supervisors, school boards, and county boards shall be paid, approved January boards shall be puld, approved January

boards shall be paid, approved January 20, 1898.

House bill 344: To repeal sections 1008 and 1009, section 1070, as amended February 17, 1890, section 1071 and 1103 of chapter 46 of the Code.

House bill 346: To repeal section 1692, as amended, section 1093, 1094, as amended; section 1095, 1097 and 1098, of chapter 46 of the 1096.

House bill 189: To amend section 2486

of the Code, as amended, and to amend sections 2485 and 2486 in relation to the lien of employes, etc., of transportation, mining and manufacturing companies an franchises and property of such companies, and how the same may be perfected, and enforced, suproped February fected and enforced, approved February House bill 311: To amend section 288 and

House bill 311: To amend section 288 and 229 of the Code in relation to superintendent of the public buildings etc., to repeat an act of January 30, 1800, to prescribe the duties of Register of the Land Office and to fix his salaries.

House bill 317: To amend sections 555

and 550 of the Code, in relation to I censes. House bill 379: To amend section 3196 of chapter 154 of the Code as amended, and to amend sections 3195 and 3196 of the Code, and to repeal section 3197 of the Code in reference to disbaring attorneys at law. House bill 389: To amend section 3436 of

chapter 168 of the Code, as amonded, in reference to the jurisdiction of injunc

House bill 318 1-2: To repeal an act "te allow a remedy by motion for judgment in the County Court, after ten days' notice, whenever a person is entitled to reover money or specific personal property by action in the Circuit Court or by warrant before a justice of the peace, where the claim exceeds \$20 and does not exceed \$100 exclusive of interest. House bill 386: To amend and re-enact

House bill 388: To amend and re-enact section 3370 of the Code.

House bill 418: To ratify and confirm the sale and conveyance of certain preperty in the county of Alexandria made by the City Council of Alexandria to the Washington Southern Railway Company.

House bill 308: To amend section 37 of

House bill 336: To amend section 918

House bill 330: To amend section we as amended, 917 and 922 of the Code.

House bill 325: To amend chapter 24 of the acts of 1897-98, in relation to appoint-ditor to issue duplicate warrants.

House bill 332: To amend chapter 580 of the acts of 1897-98, in relation to appointment of acceptance of 1897-98, in relation to appointment of acceptance of 1897-98. ment of special prosecuting attorneys is Senate bill 506: To repeal an act to es-

Senate bill soo: to repeat an act to es-tabilish a dispensary for the sale of liquors in Farmville Magisterial District; to pro-hibit all persons, firms or corporations from selling such liquors, etc., provided the qualified voters of said district shall Senate bill 263: To amend sections 16

and 18 of an act to establish a dispensary for the sale of liquors in Farmville Magis terial District etc., and to repeal all laws n conflict with this act.

World's Visible Cotton Supply

DEFIGIT IS HUNDRED TO IN MILLIONS

Interesting Figures Contained in Report of Third Assistant Postmaster-General.

'POST-CHECK" PROPOSITION

Its Adoption Recommended as Cure for Practice of Using Stamps for Small Remittances.

Times-Dispatch Burcau,
Colorado Building,
Fourteenth and G Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C., December 4th.
The annual report of Third Assistant
Postmaster-General Edwin C, Madden, which was made public to-day, contains a great mass of figures, many of them interesting to a degree. The report shows that the postal system of the United States was operated at a total loss the past year of \$4,560,044.73. The total receipts from all sources were \$134,224,443.24. The total cost of the system was \$138,-

The report says, regarding the practice of making remittances through the mails by means of postage stamps;
REMITTANCES OF MONEY IN MAILS.
"The practice of the public of using

of making remittances through the mails by means of postage stamps; REMITTANCES OF MONEY IN MAILS. "The practice of the public of using postage stamps for small remittances in the mails has grown to enormous proportions. The result is that the department loses heavily, not only because of improper sales by postmasters for that purpose, thereby increasing their compensation wrongfully, but in imposing upon postofilecs, especially in the large cities, the labor of handling mail matter the revenues from which are derived by other postofiless. It encourages trafficking in postage stamps, and the encourages the robbery of postofiless. Many plans have been proposed for obviating this evil, but none which have come to my attention equal in simplicity, effectiveness and efficiency the 'post-check' proposition. With such a simple means of making remittances, merchants would soon be compelled to refuse postage stamp would then lose its value for the purposes of remitances. I recommend this subject to your favorable consideration, and trust that you may deem it proper to recommend that this system of transmitting money in the mails be authorized at least in an experimental way."

The report states that the system by which letter carriers may register letters is not in force throughout the cities of the country. In a list of sixty cities in which the greatest number of letters were registered during the year by an individual carrier appears the name of John C. Herbort, of Portsmouth, Va., who registered 298 letters during the fiscal year.

The report shows that there was postage collected on 1,649,299 pounds of second class matter mailed at the Richmond office in the past year, an increase of 22,328 over the preceding year. During the year there were transmitted through the mails 463,291, registered letters and parcels mailed in Virginia, an increase of 13.62 in fees. The increase in the Richmond office as a botter showing in this regard than in any other;

makes a better showing in this regard

EDITORS GO HOME.

North Carolina Press Men End Mid-Winter Session,

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
The Times-Dispatch Bureau, Fourteenth and G Streets, N. W

Colorado Building,
Fourteenth and & Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C., Dec. 4th.
The members of the North Carolina Press
Association, who have been nere three
days in attendance upon the mid-winter
sossion of the association, did not pretend to do any work to-day, but put in
the day seeing the sights of the city
as the guests of the North Carolina delegation in Congress.

The representatives and senators from
that State had n large number of carriages in waiting at the National Hotel
at an early hour to-day, and as fast as
the members could be gotten together
they were driven off for a ride of several hours. One of them said that he
did not think there was much in the
city worth seeing that had not been seen
by the members of the association and
the ladies who accompanied them. A
great many of the members were at
the Capitol while the Senate and House
were in session to-day.

Many of the press men left for their
homes to-night Several of the members went to Baltimore to visit friends,
and one or two will stop over in Charlottesville.

BETTER FEELING,

Due to Improvement in Retail Trade, Due to Cold Weather. (By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Bradstreet's to

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Better feeling, approaching optimism in some lines, is due to improvement in retail trade, stimulated by cold weather, the advent of the holiday season and the more normal tone of public sentiment. Jobbing trade in seasonable goods has also expanded as a result of reorders to lid depicted stocks. Back of these, but with an apparently close connection in its effect upon sentiment, is the strong position of ag leultural staples. Cold weather has also stimulated the coal trade East and West.

More confidence is also shown in the market for the cruder forms of iron, and prices are stealler. Railway operations are still active with an anoease of about 5 per cent, shown in gross receipts ever November a year ago.

Evidence accumilates that Southern from has for the time at least, struck bottom, and this week a slight rebound in asking prices is noted.

Business natures for the week ending with December 3d number 230, against 185 in the like week of 1902.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF VA. HISTORICAL SOCIETY

The annual meeting of the Virginia Historical Society, an event always of much interest and importance, will be held on the evening of December 18th, in the hall of the House of Delegates, President W. Gordon McCabe, one of the

or the House of Delegates.

President W. Gordon McCabe, one of the most distinguished men in the State, will be in the chair, and will at least speak briefly. The annual address will be delivered by the distinguished and able Rt. Rev. A. M. Randolph, whose subject will be "Educational Functions of Historical Studies." Bishop Randolph's reputation as a thinker and orator is a guarantee that the discussion will be of high value and interest. During the Bishop's tay in Richmond he will be the guest of Rev. William Meade Clark, a member of the Executive Committee of the society.

As always, the public is cordially invited to annual meetings.

The use of the hall of the House of Delegates is exteneded to the society by Speaker Ryan, of the House.

ONE SHOT

Princelet Takes Fourth Race at Bennings, With Long Odds Against Him.

GOLDSBY IN HURDLE RACE

Cut Best Previous Record for Course by 14 Seconds-Results at Crescent City Track.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4,--Princelet, a 100 to 1 shot, from the stable of Thomas E. Mannix, won the fourth raco et Bennings to-day. Golsby won the hurdle race at two miles and a quarter, and out the best provious record over course, fourteen seconds. Summary:

First race-Hurdle, three-year-olds and upward, two miles and a quarter-Goisly (11 to 5) first, Imperialist (2 to 1) second, Gould (4 to 1) third. Time, 4:27.

Second race-Maiden two-year-olds, six turiongs-Loricate (even) first, Caqueta (5 to 1) second, Tomcod (10 to 1) third. Time, 1:18 2-5.

Third race—Two-year-old, six furlongs
Third race—Two-year-old, six furlongs
Totness (i) to 5) first, colleen Bawn
(15 to 1) second, Lady Lavish (13 to 5)
third. Time, 1:17.
Fourth race—Maiden three-year-olds
and upwards, one mile—Princelet (100 to
1) first, King B. (8 to 5) second, John
Nevin (8 to 1) third. Time, 1:44 3-5.
Fifth race—Three-year-olds and upwards, one mile and forty yards—Colwards, one mile and forty yards—Cot-tage Maid (7 to 2) first, Nine Spot (8 to 1) second, Hyland (15 to 1) third. Time,

1) second, hydrac (1) 1:45.

Sixth, race—Three-year-olds and up-wards, one mile and a furlong—Masterman (5 to 1) first, Lady Potentate (5 to 1) second, Flara (12 to 1) third, Time,

Crescent City Races.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW ORLEANS, LA., Dec. 8.—Five favorites won at the Crescent City track this afternoon. The surprise of the day was furnished by Bondage, which beat 1 to 3 favorite Ancke, in the clos-

the 1 to 3 favorito Ancko, in the closing event. Jockey Monroe was suspended for one week for rough riding in the fourth race. Summarles:

First race—Three-year-olds, six furlongs—Invincible (2 to 5) first, Alflo (8 to 1) second, Captain Arnold (5 to 1) third. Time, 1:16 2-5.

Second thee-selling, for three-year-olds and upwards, seven furlongs—Cyra (11 to 5) first, Balm of Gilead (9 to 1) second, Amorous (10 to 1) third. Time, 1:28.

Third race-Selling, for three-year-olds,

Third race—Selling, for three-year-olds, one mile and twenty yards—Homesteal, (f to 5) first, Noweta (9 to 1) second, Ivernia (3 to 1) third. Time, 1:43 3-5.
Fourth race—Free handicap for all ages, one mile—Gregor K. (6 to 5) first, Hyways (9 to 2) second, Dan McKenna (8 to 2) third. Time, 1:41 2-5.
Fifth race—Selling, for two-year-old colts, one mile—Solder of Fortune (2 to 5) first, Louis Kraft (3 to 1) second, Banwell (10 to 1) third. Time, 1:41 1-5.
Sixth race—for all ages, one mile—Bondage (6 to 1) first, Ancke (1 to 3) second, Dutiful (7 to 1) third. Time, 1:421-5.

Deaths of a Day.

Deaths of a Day.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Former Representative William M. Springer, of Illinois, a Democratic leader, conspicuous ir, the House of Representatives during the Forty-fourth and Fifty-third Concresses, inclusive, and once confirman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, died at his residence is this city doday; aged skizy-four years. His death n-day, aged sixty-four years. His dos

Chicago Thanksgiving Day,
Mr. Springer had been a resident of this city during the past few years, following his retirement from Congress, and has followed the practice of law. He is sur-vived by a widow and a son, who is

(Continued from First Page.)

(in) as to it before taking any action, and he promised to do so.

The letter of Judge Richardson was made a part of the record.

mittee the telegraphic and written mittee the telegraphic and written cor-respondence between himself and Mr. George E. Fisher, in regard to the torgod letter purporting to have been from the latter, all of which has been printed in the papers, and it was made a part of

Mr. C. V. Meredith was the first wir-Mr. C. V. Meredith was the first wit-ness, and was interrogated by Mr. Pol-lard. He said he was not present at any meeting of the two companies looking to consolidation.

The explained that he was present at in-terviews between A. C. M. Marika and E. L. Bemiss, looking to some agree-ment with regard to ordinances of the

two companies. Here Mr. Pollard read Mr. Manning's Here Mr. Pollard fead Mr. Manning's statement made at the last meeting, in which he siloged that Mr. Meredith had heard Major Martin say that his company had bought Councilmen and puid them and they had to do what they wanted. Witness testified at some length, and went into the Boyd-Newton syndicate matters in leading up to his answer to Mr. Pollard's questions as to Mr. Manter's statement. ning's statement.
Mr. Newton in a conference relating to

ning's statement.

Mr. Newton in a conference relating to the proposed ordinance had said he would have acthing to do with the matter. The ordinance was about to be presented to the Council, but the Traction Company did not want it in its present share. A conference was held, and after Mr. Wilson let for New Yo k, Mr. Aurtin represented the other side in all conferences.

CERTAIN OF CROOKEDNESS.

"If Mr. Martin made any statement of that kind," said the witness, "it was at these conferences, but I do not believe he used that language. In those interviews by left the impression on my mind that there were certain councilmen which he could carry. I don't remember such a statement, and yet he might have made it and I might not have remombered it, as we were perfectly well satisfied that there was crookedness going on in the matter."

Witness said it was probable that Mr. Martin may have used names of councilments of the could control, though witness did

Uncle Sam says it's all right

Uncle Sam, in the person of ten of his government officials, is always in charge of every department of our distillery. During the entire process of distillation, after the whiteky is stored in barrols in our warehouses, during the seven years it remains there, from the very grain we buy to the whiskey you get. Duck Sam is constantly on the watch. We done not take a gallon of our own whiskey from our own warehouse unless he says it's all right and when he does say so, that whistey goes direct to you, with all its original strength richness and flavor, carrying a UNITED STATES REGISTERIED DISTILLER'S GUARANTER OF THE O

Direct from our distillery to YOU Saves Deglers' Profits I Provents Adultoration !

HAYHER WHISKEY

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lutely controlled a working majority of the committee having charge of the matter.

matter.

Mr. Manning asked Mr. Bemiss if they had not talked freely during the time rumors of crookedness were going around, and the latter said "Yes," and was excused.

and the latter said "Yes," and was excused.

Mr. Manning new took the stand and was questioned by Chairman Minor.

Upon looking into matters spoken of at the last meeting, witness said he had found that some of them could not be substantiated, and therefore he would prefer not to bring them to the attention of the committee.

He apologized to the committeemen other than the chairman and City Attorby Pollard for language used at the last meeting. He though these latter gentlemen had treated him badly, though he did not know that it was intentional. Both assured the witness that they had no intention of treating him unjustly.

AS TO RUMORS.

Witness said he had lost his temper

In answer to a question, Major Martin said he would pay no attention to any statement made by Mr. Fisher. Ho did not regard him as at all truthful.

He now left the stand, and the committee went into executive seesion, after Mr. Minor had stated that Captain Pizzini was sick and could not appear.

SON OF LYMAN ABBOTT ON VISIT TO RICHMOND

Dr. Ernest Hamili Abbott, of New York, son of the distinguished Dr. Lyman Abbott, and himself a prominent figure in the educational circles of the country, is in the city in the course of a tour of inspection of the various industrial and manual training schools of the South. Yesterday he visited the Woman's League Training School and Hospital and made an examination of them spending two hours at the school.

Dr. Abbott expressed himsler as well pleased with the equipment and work of this school, which he characterized as one of the mest thorough in the South He is connected with the work of the National Education Association, which met here last year, and is gathering information with a view to fostering and extending that work.

extending that work.
Dr. Abbott is stopping at a hotel, but has been extended courtesles by well known citizens.

Left for Home.

Left for Home.

(Special to The Times-Disnatch.)

BALTIMORE, Dec. 3.—City Hospital authorities to day notified the police to took for Hugh Favnel, aged 30 of Warrenson, a patient who left the institution without kays. He had been there two days for nervous trouble. To-day the police found that after leaving the hospital last night he went to a hotel, and L-day lett for his home. It is reported that in leaving the hospital he hit an attendant who tried to stop him.

Carlisle Named.

Witness said it was probable that Mr.
Martin may have used names of councilmen he could control, though witness did not recall about this.

Mr. E. L. Bemiss corroborated Mr.
Meredith's statement, and he three but little additional light on the subject.
Ile had left one of the conferences with the impression made upon his mind by Major Martin's actions that the instead of the arbitration. Was named as the Dominical representation of Finance and the Wes Y. Gil as men of the six of his occular acts. Sener Galvan, Sovering of Finance and the Wes Y. Gil as men of the six of his occular acts. Sener Galvan, Sovering of Finance and the Wes Y. Gil as men of the six of his occular acts. Sener Galvan, Sovering of Finance and the Wes Y. Gil as men stration, was named as the Dominical representation by Major Martin's actions that the instance of Finance and the Proposition of George Gray as the unpire.

WARRANTS ARE ISSUED

Henrico Magistrates Preparing for Other Election Cases.

TODD BEFORE CRUTCHFIELD

Summoned to Appear Next

did not know that it was intentional goth assured the witness that they had no intention of treating him unjustly.

Witness said he had lost his temper last week, and now he did not, care to testify as to rumors. Chairman Minor and Mr. Manning and quite a lengthy colleguy, but both of them kept in a good humor. Mr. Minor here said that Mr. F. E. Montogue had been summoned though he was out of the city. He and Mr. Manning agreed that Mr. Montague probably knew nothing more of interest to the committees to the committee with regard to correspondence between this regard to correspondence between himself and Mr. Wilson, of New York, but he had never said that Wilson hold any such letter.

Major Martin had before him a state-hem to of money spent wheele them to of money spent here in franchise fights, and he took occasion to say that whenever it was possible to do so Mr. Fisher had put his (witness) name opposite toms.

One Item was \$18,600, alleged to have gone in bonds and money to witness, can be honds and money to witness, can be honded to make a state of the cases will come of the case with the controlled courcilmen, and said he had used no such language.

"These gentlemen say they do not recall that I made any such statement in the clift of the controlled courcilmen, and said he had used no such language.

"These gentlemen say they do not recall that I made any such statement in the clift of the cases." Both the hond is the controlled courcilmen, and said the witness an

Constable Cyclone Samuel was

Constable Cyclone Samuel was tried yesterday afternoon before 'Squire F, A. Woodson on a warrant charging him with cursing and abusing a negro man named Jones.

The warrant was executed Thursday night on the complaint of Jones. He said that during the altercation Eamuel drew his pistol. The constable was placed under arrest by Special Officer Wright, He was later admitted to ball.

A negro named John Pauvel is in fall, charged kith breaking and entering the carriage house of W.H. Brauer and stealing therefrom one set of harness valued at \$20 and one double-barreled shotgun valued at \$20.

BOX CARS ATTACHED FOR PERSONAL INJURY

FOR PERSONAL INJURY
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CHARLOTTE, N. C., Dec. 4.—To secure 'alleged damages for the death of Walter Steward, a negro, last March on the railroad, three box cars of the Chesapeake and Ohlo road have been attached by attorneys for the plaintiff in this city, and the ease will be argued next week in chambers here.

The negro was killed last March at has ever come up under the "attachment amendment" to section \$47 of the State Code, in which it is allowed that an attachment may be made for personal injuries. The case is entitled Plummer Stewart, as administrator, vs. the Chesapake and Ohlo Ballroad Company.

The negro was killed last amrch at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia. The Southern Railway has asked to be allowed to intervene, claiming that the three box cars which have been attached are under lease by the Sputhern from the Chesapeake and Ohlo.

The Southern asks that the attachment

Chesnpeake and Ohio.
The Southern asks that the attachment be set aside.

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